of all our resources, land is the most tangible one. Used, defined, in the solid part of the earth's crust, it is a key factor for the growth of our society and the economy. However, the effects of human activity on land are not always beneficial. Therefore, it is essential to conserve and use land resources sustainably. Land is the basis of life and the primary source of our livelihood. Agriculture and livestock are the most common uses of land. Land is also used for industrial purposes, such as mining and manufacturing. The agricultural sector is a vital component of the global economy, providing food security and livelihoods for millions of people across the world. Land is also used for forestry, recreation, and urban development. Land-use planning is crucial for managing land resources and ensuring sustainable development. Land-use planning involves the development of strategies and policies to guide land use, taking into account social, economic, and environmental considerations. Land-use planning aims to balance land-use decisions with environmental sustainability and social equity. Land is the most critical resource for human survival, and it is essential to manage and protect land resources sustainably to ensure a healthy and prosperous future for generations to come.